# EDUCATING RESIDENTS & TIPS FOR EXPRESSING OPINIONS

THE TOWNSHIP OFFICIALS OF ILLINOIS MEMBER BRIEFING

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### TWO RELEVANT STATUTES

- 1. The Illinois Election Code's "Interference Prohibition"
  - Bars the <u>use of public funds</u> for <u>advocating for or against</u> a <u>candidate</u> or <u>referendum</u>
  - b. Permits the use of public funds to disseminate factual data





### TWO RELEVANT STATUTES

- 1. The Illinois State Officials and Employees Ethics Act
  - a. Prohibits **Township officials and staff** from engaging in certain **"political activities"** while **on duty** or using **public resources**.
  - b. Does <u>not</u> apply to the <u>support or opposition</u> of any executive, <u>legislative</u>, or administrative <u>action</u>





### "GOVERNMENT SPEECH"

The U.S. Supreme Court has repeatedly affirmed that government entities have the right to express official positions on policy matters.

#### Recent Examples:

 Shurtleff v. City of Boston (2022) – display of flags and "flag-raising" ceremonies on public property



 Pleasant Grove City v. Summum (2009) – display of privately donated monuments on public property



#### BEFORE & AFTER

This session will provide guidance on:

- 1. How townships can properly educate and express opinions on the proposed legislation **before** it is adopted.
- 2. How townships can properly educate and express opinions on any referendum initiated under the amended Township Code <u>if and when</u> the bill becomes law.





#### What you can do:

- Take an Official Position on the Bill
- Inform Residents About its Impact
- Engage Impacted Residents & Service Providers
- Encourage Residents to Contact Legislators

#### What you cannot do:

- Use Public Funds or Resources for Advocacy
- Engage in Partisan Political Activity
- Endorse or Oppose Specific Legislators





#### Take an Official Position on the Bill

- Pass resolutions opposing the legislation and submit them to state legislators.
- Communicate directly with legislators to express concerns or support for the bill.
- Participate in coalition efforts with other townships, associations, and advocacy groups.





#### Inform Residents About the Bill's Impact

- Use public resources to distribute information about the bill's provisions and potential consequences.
- Recommended methods for informing residents:
  - Township newsletters and websites
  - Public meetings and town halls
  - Fact sheets and informational flyers
  - Social media updates





Engage Impacted Residents & Service Providers

- Focus on alerting residents who rely on township-funded programs should be made aware of potential disruptions
  - Senior citizens, low-income families, persons with disabilities
- Coordinate with governmental, nonprofit, and other community service providers that receive township funding





Encourage Stakeholders to Contact Legislators

- Give stakeholders the contact information for their state legislators and encourage them to express their opinions.
- Provide sample emails or letters that stakeholders can personalize when contacting elected officials.





Do not engage in partisan political activity

- Do not endorse or oppose specific lawmakers based on their position on the bill
- Officials may express personal opinions but cannot use their official position to campaign for or against a candidate.
- Do not use township staff or direct township resources toward a political campaign perceived as favorable to the bill



### SOME EXAMPLES

- Allowed: "This bill eliminates township-funded senior transportation services."
- ✓ Allowed: "Vote No on SB 2504 because it is bad for our community."
- ✓ Allowed: "This legislation proposes eliminating townships. Here is how it may impact you."
- X Not Allowed: "Representative Smith supports eliminating townships. Vote him out!"
- X Not Allowed: Circulating petitions or selling fundraiser tickets for any political candidate



Not Allowed: Preparing, printing, or distributing campaign materials for any political candidate



#### Explain the Referendum Process

- Educate residents on:
  - Who can initiate a referendum (petitioners, township boards, or county boards).
  - The required voter approval thresholds.
  - What happens if a referendum fails (e.g., a waiting period before reintroducing it).
- Prepare and distribute neutral educational materials.



Engage Impacted Communities & Service Providers

- Hold public meetings and forums to explain how a referendum could affect local services.
- Invite community organizations and service providers to participate in discussions.
- Encourage residents to research how the referendum could impact their township.



Do not advocate for or against a specific referendum outcomee using public resources

- Illinois law prohibits the use of township funds, resources, or staff time to advocate for or against a referendum.
- Townships can provide factual information but cannot tell residents how to vote.





Do not use township meetings or communications for campaigning

- Township officials may not use public meetings to encourage a particular vote outcome.
- Campaigning for or against the referendum must take place outside of official township functions.





Do not provide financial or material support to advocacy groups

 Townships cannot donate township funds or resources to groups campaigning for or against the referendum.





### SOME EXAMPLES

- ✓ **Allowed:** "This referendum will dissolve our township and transfer all services to the county."
- ✓ Allowed: "The county may adjust or eliminate programs and funding for senior services"
- ✓ Allowed: "The county will control your tax assessments and road and bridge maintenance"
- X Not Allowed: "Vote NO on the referendum to save our township!"
- X Not Allowed: Circulating petitions or soliciting votes for a referendum question



Not Allowed: Preparing, printing, or distributing campaign materials for a referendum question



### **KEY TAKEAWAYS**

#### Ensuring compliance with state law is critical

- Township resources must be used solely for public education, not political advocacy.
- Before the bill is passed, townships can advocate for or against it and educate residents on the impact.
- If the bill becomes law, townships may only provide factual, neutral information on referendum questions.





### **KEY TAKEAWAYS**

#### Engage with Residents & Community Organizations

- Work with nonprofits, schools, and local service providers to inform impacted populations.
- Ensure that residents relying on township services understand what may change.
- Residents and private groups can organize efforts even with respect to referendum questions.





### QUESTIONS?







### **THANK YOU!**



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